# Arcserve® Replication and High Availability

# Microsoft SharePoint Server Operation Guide r16.5

arcserve

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## **Arcserve Product References**

This document references the following Arcserve products:

- Arcserve<sup>®</sup> Replication
- Arcserve<sup>®</sup> High Availability (HA)
- Arcserve<sup>®</sup> Assured Recovery<sup>®</sup>
- Arcserve<sup>®</sup> Content Distribution

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#### https://www.arcserve.com/support

With Arcserve Support:

- You can get in direct touch with the same library of information that is shared internally by our Arcserve Support experts. This site provides you with access to our knowledge-base (KB) documents. From here you easily search for and find the product-related KB articles which contain field-tested solutions for many top issues and common problems.
- You can use our Live Chat link to instantly launch a real-time conversation between you and the Arcserve Support team. With Live Chat, you can get immediate answers to your concerns and questions, while still maintaining access to the product.
- You can participate in the Arcserve Global User Community to ask and answer questions, share tips and tricks, discuss best practices and participate in conversations with your peers.
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# **Documentation Changes**

The following documentation updates have been made since the last release of this documentation:

 Updated to include user feedback, enhancements, corrections, and other minor changes to help improve the usability and understanding of the product or the documentation itself.

# **Contents**

# **Chapter 1: Introduction**

About This Guide	7
Related Documentation	7
Server Requirements	8
Base Configuration	8
Microsoft SharePoint Server Configuration Requirements	8
Microsoft SharePoint Deployment Requirements	
Log On Account Conditions	
Register Arcserve RHA Licenses	

# Chapter 2: Managing Replication and High Availability Scenarios

Prepare the SharePoint Replica Server	14
Prepare the Replica for Standalone Deployment	15
Third-Party Web Parts for SharePoint	19
Arcserve RHA SharePoint COM+ Service	19
Manage Services	21
Create SharePoint Server Scenarios	23
Create a SharePoint Server Scenario for Standalone Deployments	23
Create a SharePoint Server Scenario for Server Farm (all in one) Deployments	25
Create Multiple Scenarios for SharePoint Server Farm (distributed deployments)	
TroubleshootingAutomatic AR failed for a SharePoint Scenario	
Set Scenario Properties	31
Prepare the Distributed Group for Protecting SharePoint Farm	34
Create Distributed Groups	35
Group Properties	35
How to Run a Scenario or a Group	37
Run a Scenario	37
Run a Group	
How to Stop a Scenario or a Group	41
Stop a Scenario	41
Stop a Group	42
How Arcserve RHA Supports Load Balanced SharePoint WFE	42
View a Report	43
View Events	45
View Statistics	45

7

13

### **Chapter 3: Redirection Methods**

How Redirection Works	47
DNS Redirection	47
Move IP Redirection	
Add IP on the Master Server	
Automatic Redirection Using Switch Computer Name	53
Scripts Redirection	53

### **Chapter 4: Switching Over and Switching Back**

How Switchover and Switchback Work55
Initiate Switchover
Initiate Switchover for a Group
Initiate Switchback
Initiate Switchback for a Group61
Recover Active Server
Switchover Considerations
Recover Active Server for a Distributed Group63

### **Chapter 5: Recovering Data**

The Data Recovery Process	65
Recover Lost Data from Replica	65
Setting Bookmarks	67
Data Rewind	68

# **Appendix A: Additional Information and Tips**

Spool Directory Settings	73
New Web Application Creation	74
Back up Farm Data After Failover	74
Reconfigure Scenarios Created in Previous Versions	74
Recovering Servers	75
Manually Recover a Failed Server-Move IP Address	75
Manually Recover a Failed Server-Switch Computer Name	76
Manually Recover Failed Server-IP and Switch Computer Name	77

### Index

## 47

55

### 65

73

Arcserve RHA (RHA) is a solution based on asynchronous real-time replication and automated application switchover and switchback to provide cost-effective business continuity for Microsoft SharePoint Server and other application servers on both 32-bit and 64-bit Windows servers.

Arcserve RHA lets you replicate data to a local or remote server, making it possible to recover that data due to server crash or site disaster. You may switch your users to the replica server manually, or automatically, if you licensed High Availability. This Guide presents both Replication and High Availability concepts and procedures.

The procedures covered in this Guide should be followed as is. Customize the steps only if:

- You are familiar with Arcserve RHA and fully understand the potential impact of any changes you make.
- You have fully tested the steps in a lab environment before implementing in a production environment.

This section contains the following topics:

About This Guide (see page 7) Related Documentation (see page 7) Server Requirements (see page 8)

# **About This Guide**

This document describes how you can implement a Arcserve RHA solution for Microsoft SharePoint Server. It is essential that you have the appropriate resources and permissions to carry out each task.

# **Related Documentation**

Use this Guide with the Arcserve RHA Installation Guide and the Arcserve RHA Administration Guide.

# **Server Requirements**

To implement Arcserve RHA, refer to the appropriate list of requirements, depending on the server type you selected. These components are licensed separately. If you do not have the license required to access support for a specific server type, contact Technical Support.

### **Base Configuration**

#### **Base Configuration**

 Two servers running supported Windows Server with the same level of service packs and hot fixes installed.

**Note:** For a complete list of supported operating systems and applications, see the Arcserve RHA Release Notes.

- All IP addresses are statically assigned (DHCP-assigned IP addresses on the Master or Replica server are not supported)
- The protected server is not a domain controller or DNS server.
- (In the Active Directory environment) Both Master and Replica servers should reside in the same Active Directory forest and also be members of the same domain or trusted domains.

### **Microsoft SharePoint Server Configuration Requirements**

The system requirements Arcserve HA for Microsoft SharePoint Server 2007 Standalone or Farm deployment are as follows:

- You must have two servers (production server and stand-by server) with Microsoft SQL 2005 SP3 or Microsoft SQL 2008 SP2 or later required for some advanced features; installed on both servers.
- Both servers should have the same SQL version, service packs, and hot fixes installed.
- Both servers should hold identical SQL Server instances-default or named.
- Both servers must have the same SharePoint version, service packs, and hot fixes installed.

- The full path to the default system database of each instance should be identical on both servers. Drive letters containing database files should be identical on both servers.
- You must verify that the port defined in the Network Configuration TCP/IP properties of the SQL instances is assigned statically and is identical on both master and replica servers.
- If you are installing SharePoint with SQL Server 2005 Express Edition, you must enable TCP/IP protocol for that SQL instance (that is, OfficeServers) on both Master and Replica servers.
- Stop SQL DB on replica server before you run the scenario.

For a stand-alone SharePoint server, the Local Service account is configured by default with following accounts:

- Service Account for Office SharePoint Search Server
- Service Account and Content Database Account for Windows SharePoint Services Help Search

You should reconfigure the accounts on the Central Administration website with a domain user account before you create a SharePoint HA scenario.

**Note:** You should not configure these accounts with Network Service, as this may prevent the services from functioning properly after failover.

### **Microsoft SharePoint Deployment Requirements**

At present the following typical SharePoint deployments are supported by Arcserve RHA for Microsoft SharePoint Server:

#### Standalone

- Installation type: Stand-alone
- All components (Web Front End, Application, database) are on a single server
- Cannot add another server to create a server farm
- The SharePoint 2007 database is local SQL Server 2005 Express Edition. The SharePoint 2010 database is local SQL Server 2008 Express Edition.

**Note**: Standalone deployment requires special Replica configuration. For more information, see the topic, <u>Prepare the Replica Server for Standalone Deployment</u> (see page 15).

#### Server Farm (all-in-one)

- Installation type: Complete
- All components (Web Front End, Application, database) are on a single server
- Can add other servers to this server farm
- The SharePoint database is local SQL Server 2005/2008

#### Server Farm (distributed)

- SharePoint Server 2007 Installation type:
  - WFE server: Web Front End
  - Application server: Complete
- SharePoint Server 2010 Installation type:
  - Application Server: Complete
- Each component (Web Front End, Application or database) can have its own dedicated server (i.e., a typical medium farm includes two servers, one for WFE + Application roles and another for database role.)
- All the servers (Web Front End and Application) can be protected by SharePoint Replication or HA scenario.
- Can add other servers to this server farm
- The SharePoint database is local or remote SQL Server 2005/2008

### Log On Account Conditions

The Arcserve RHA Engine service must satisfy certain account conditions for successful communication with other components. If these requirements are not met, scenarios may not run. If you lack the permissions required, contact your local IS team.

- It is a member of the Domain Admins group. If the Domain Admins group is not a member of the built-in domain local group Administrators you must use an account that is.
- It is a member of the local computer Administrators Group. If the Domain Admins group is not a member, add the account manually.
- For servers in a workgroup, use the Local System account. If you have used Redirect DNS redirection method in a HA scenario, then use the local administrator account.

**Note:** In MS SQL server 2012, Local System (NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM) is not automatically provisioned in the sysadmin server role. See Microsoft documents on how to provision the sysadmin server role to the NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM account. Alternatively, use Administrator account to install and log in to the engine service.

- When your SQL servers are in a workgroup, enable "sa" account on Master and Replica server before you run the scenario.
- If the account does not have built-in administrator permissions on all SQL Server instances, add appropriate permissions.
- The account must be able to modify the SQL Master and Replica DNS A-Record.

**Important!** For a SharePoint Farm deployment, the SharePoint server's Farm Admin account must employ the same log on account conditions.

### **Register Arcserve RHA Licenses**

The Arcserve RHA licensing policy is based on a combination of several parameters which include the following:

- the operating systems involved
- the required solution
- the supported application and database servers
- the number of participating hosts
- additional modules (for example, Assured Recovery)

The license key that is generated for you is therefore tailored to your exact needs.

After logging in for the first time, or if your old license has expired, you must register the Arcserve RHA product using your license key. To register the product, you need to open the Manager, which does not depend on the existence of a valid registration key. After the Manager opens, a License Warning message appears, prompting you to register the product. A License Warning message also appears when your license is about to expire during the next 14 days.

When you are creating a scenario, some of the options might be disabled following the terms of your license. However, you can create any number of scenarios, since the validity of your license key is confirmed, before you try to run a specific scenario. Only when you click the Run button, the system checks whether you are allowed to run the selected scenario according to your license key. If the system determines that you do not have the required license for running this scenario, the scenario will not run and a message will appear on the Event pane informing you of the type of license you need.

#### To register Arcserve RHA using the license key

1. Open the Manager.

The Welcome message appears, followed by a License Warning message informing you that your product is not registered. You are prompted to register it.

- 2. Click OK to close the message.
- 3. Open the Help menu and select the Register option.

The Register Arcserve RHA dialog opens.

- 4. Complete the following fields:
  - Registration Key field enter your registration key.
  - [Optional] In the Company Name field enter your company name
- 5. Click the Register button to register the product and close the dialog.

You can now start working with the Arcserve RHA Manager according to your license permissions.

# **Chapter 2: Managing Replication and High Availability Scenarios**

This section describes how to create and use high availability scenarios.

This section contains the following topics:

Prepare the SharePoint Replica Server (see page 14) Manage Services (see page 21) Create SharePoint Server Scenarios (see page 23) Set Scenario Properties (see page 31) Prepare the Distributed Group for Protecting SharePoint Farm (see page 34) Create Distributed Groups (see page 35) Group Properties (see page 35) How to Run a Scenario or a Group (see page 37) How to Stop a Scenario or a Group (see page 41) How Arcserve RHA Supports Load Balanced SharePoint WFE (see page 42) View a Report (see page 43) View Events (see page 45) View Statistics (see page 45)

# **Prepare the SharePoint Replica Server**

Before running a scenario, you need to prepare the Replica server. Ensure the following are installed on the Replica server to ensure it meets the infrastructure requirements described in the previous chapter.

 Install SQL Server 2005/2008 on the Replica server if the production server is a SharePoint Farm all-in-one deployment.

**Note:** Do not install SQL Server if the production server is a SharePoint standalone or SharePoint Farm distributed deployment. For more information on SharePoint Server deployments, see <u>Microsoft SharePoint Deployment Requirements</u>. (see page 10)

 SharePoint Server 2007 SP2 or 2010, with identical configurations as the Master server.

Note: Do not configure SharePoint after installation.

Arcserve RHA Engine

#### **Next Steps:**

If the production server is a SharePoint standalone deployment, there is additional configuration required. For more information, see <u>Prepare the Replica for Standalone</u> <u>Deployment.</u> (see page 15)

### **Prepare the Replica for Standalone Deployment**

SharePoint Servers store **configuration** and **content** data. To protect both kinds of data, perform the Replica Server configuration procedure before you run any high availability scenarios in a SharePoint Server standalone deployment. The procedure ensures the Replica is configured identically to the Master.

Standalone deployments are not scalable and cannot join other SharePoint farms. The Replica server is completely independent from the Master. Arcserve RHA automatically synchronizes and replicates the content database on the Master. You must maintain and customize the configuration and administration content database on the Replica so that it is identical with the one on the Master before you run an HA scenario.



**Note**: The configuration and administration content databases are not displayed in Auto-Discovery when creating HA scenarios for SharePoint Server standalone deployment. Only existing web application databases can be discovered and replicated in Assured Recovery scenarios.

#### **Next Steps**

Use the SharePoint Products Configuration Wizard to Prepare the Replica (see page 16)

#### Use the SharePoint Products Configuration Wizard to Prepare the Replica

The following procedure is the recommended method for configuring the Replica server in SharePoint Server standalone deployments. The SharePoint Products Configuration wizard configures the services and service applications automatically on the Replica server and creates a default web application on port 80. Before you begin, go to Microsoft TechNet to read information about <u>how to change the administrative site</u> <u>port</u>. You should also obtain the following information:

- The alternate access mapping and administrative site port from the Master server
- The display names, headers and ports for all web applications created on the Master server
- The names of the content databases for all web applications created on the Master server

**Note:** Do not perform the "disconnect from farm" procedure to reconfigure SharePoint servers auto-configured as Replicas for use in new Arcserve RHA scenarios. Disconnecting an auto-configured Replica can also cause the Master server in the old scenario to disconnect from the farm. Instead, delete the following registry key:

- For SharePoint Server 2007: HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Shared Tools\Web Server Extensions\12.0\Secure\ConfigDB
- For SharePoint Server 2010: HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Shared Tools\Web Server Extensions\14.0\Secure\ConfigDB

After you delete the registry key, you may safely perform the disconnect from farm procedure using the Configuration Wizard.

#### To use the SharePoint Products Configuration Wizard to prepare the Replica

- 1. On the Replica server, launch the SharePoint Products Configuration Wizard from the Windows Start menu.
- 2. Complete the wizard screens. After configuration, use the PowerShell or STSADM tool to change the administrative site port on the Replica to match the one on the Master.

For PowerShell, enter:

set-SPCentralAdministration -Port <PortNumber>

When you are prompted to confirm the action, press Y for yes.

Usually SharePoint uses high port numbers for central management. If you try to change the port to above 32767 then *set-SPCentralAdministration* fails to change the port and shows the "invalid port" error. For more information about this, see http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc288247.aspx

The *stsadm* allows to change the port and then the choice is to use the *stsadm* -o *setadminport* –port command.

Vindous PowerShell Copyright (S) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. PS C:\Jsers\ADMINISTRATOR.HONSANTO> Add-PSSnapin microsoft.sharepoint.powershell PS C:\Jsers\ADMINISTRATOR.HONSANTO> Set-SPCentralAdministration -port 8881 Confirm Are you sure you want to perform this action? Performing operation "Set-SPCentralAdministration" on Target "Microsoft.SharePoint.Administration.SPGlobalAdmin". (Y) Ves [al Yest call [N] No [L] No to All [S] Suspend [?] Help (default is "Y"): PS C:\Jsers\ADMINISTRATOR.HONSANTO>

For STSADM, enter:

stsadm -o setadminport -port <PortNumber>

The command line interface returns the message, Operation completed successfully.

C:\>cd "Program Files\Common Files\Microsoft Shared\Web Server Extensions\14\bin

C:\Program Files\Common Files\Microsoft Shared\Web Server Extensions\14\BIN>stsa dm —o setadminport —port 8888 Operation completed successfully.

3. Launch SharePoint 2010 Central Administration on the Replica. Click Configure Alternate Access Mappings and then click Edit Public URLs. Change the public URL on the Replica to match the one on the Master.

Alternate Access Mapping Collection	Alternate Access Mapping Collection: SharePoint - 80 -
Select an Alternate Access Mapping Collection.	Alternate Access Mapping Collection:
Public URLS Enter the public URL protocol, host, and port to use for this resource in any or all of the zones listed. The Default Zone URL must be defined. It will be used if needed where the public URL for the zone is blank and for administrative actions such as the URLs in Quota e mail. http://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=114854	Default [http://2k8r2no8 Intranet Internet Custom [http://2k8r2no8 Extranet
	ve Delete Cancel

4. Create the web applications on the Replica using the same display names, headers, and ports as the Master.



a. From SharePoint 2010 Central Administration, click Manage web applications.

- b. Click New.
- c. Enter the same display names, headers, and ports used on the Master server to create web applications.
- d. Click Manage content databases.
- e. Click Add a content database.

On replica, WSS\_Content Database guides are different (at least it will be always different for the default web application on port 80 that was created by the SharePoint configuration wizard). You need to add a new database matching the master name and delete the existing database using SharePoint Web Application Management, Manage Content Database. For more information, see

http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc668750(v=vs.100).aspx

If you do not delete the old database, then the associated web application will have two databases and can have various implications. If you delete the database from SQL, SharePoint would not be aware of that and will still show the database as a web content DB. So, delete it using the instructions above.

- f. Enter the same database name for each content database used on the Master server.
- 5. Create and run your HA scenarios to protect the standalone deployment.

**Note:** SharePoint stand-alone server uses SQL Express Edition that installs SQL instance with TCP/IP disabled. RHA scenario does not work if TCP/IP is disabled. You need to enable it on both master and replica.

#### **Next Steps:**

- <u>Create a SharePoint Server Scenario for Standalone Deployments</u> (see page 23)
- <u>Create a SharePoint Server Scenario for Farm (All in One) Deployments</u> (see page 25)
- Create Multiple Scenarios for Farm (Distributed) Deployments (see page 27)
- How to Run a Scenario or Group (see page 37)

### **Third-Party Web Parts for SharePoint**

SharePoint websites support third-party web parts. To ensure that web parts on the Master server are available to the SharePoint website on the Replica server, you must import the web parts to the Replica server after failover is complete.

### Arcserve RHA SharePoint COM+ Service

When the Arcserve RHA Engine is installed in a SharePoint environment that is joined to a SharePoint farm, the installation process installs Arcserve RHA SharePoint COM+ and registers the corresponding service, CAARCserveRHASPSCOMApp, for all SharePoint Scenarios. When you uninstall the Arcserve RHA Engine, the uninstallation process uninstalls and unregisters the corresponding components. On Windows Server 2008 systems, the Microsoft Distributed Transaction Coordinator (MSDTC) service may prevent the SharePoint COM+ application from starting properly. This may prevent SharePoint HA scenarios from performing critical operations. For example, database Auto-Discovery, Run this scenario, Assured Recovery (AR) testing, and so on. To remedy this problem, restart the server where the problem occurred (Master or Replica).

For server farms, change the logon account of the Arcserve RHA SharePoint COM+ service on the Master server to Domain Administrator after the service is installed to prevent some SharePoint HA operations from failing. The service logon account on the Replica is changed during auto-configuration.

During Arcserve RHA Engine upgrade, the COM+ service is removed with the previous version of the Engine. After the upgrade is finished and the Engine is restarted, you can automatically install and start the COM+ service, but the start-up account may be set to Local System instead of Domain Administrator, as configured before upgrade. You must manually configure the service to be Domain admin before you start a scenario.

During scenario creation, you are prompted to enter the Domain Administrator's account credentials for Replica auto-configuration. If you enter the wrong account and passphrase (SharePoint Server 2010), auto-configuration fails. Click Back in the Scenario Creation Wizard to try again.

**Note**: Auto-configuration changes the logon account of the SharePoint services on the Replica to the account you specify. If the logon accounts of SharePoint services on the Master are different, you must change the Replica account manually.

### **Manage Services**

As part of scenario creation or modification, you can specify the services to manage. During scenario creation, the services management screens are displayed in the Scenario Creation Wizard. For existing scenarios, you can also manage services from the Arcserve RHA Manager Root Directories tab.

Services discovered on the specified Master server are automatically shown on the Services Discovery Result screen in the Scenario Creation Wizard.

The following steps are for Custom Application scenarios.

#### To manage services

Scenario Creation Wizard	_				
		Serv	ices Discovery Re	sult	
	Services on host <hostname> are listed below</hostname>	v, please sele	ct the services to be r	nanaged.	
✓ Welcome					
Product Type					
✓ Scenario Setup	(All)			Current customize	ed services number: 0
🛩 Hosts	(All) (Managed Services)	Status	Startup Type	Log On As	Description
<ul> <li>Engine Verification</li> </ul>	Microsoft SQL Server Server		Manual	NT AUTHORIT.	
🖌 Master Directories	Microsoft IIS Server	. Started	Automatic	LocalSystem	Process application compatibility
Master Services	Microsoft Dynamics CRM Server	Started	Manual	LocalSystem	Processes installation, removal.
	Background Intelligent Transfer		Manual	LocalSystem	Transfers files in the backgroun
Scenario Properties	Computer Browser	Started	Automatic	LocalSystem	Maintains an updated list of corr
Hosts Properties	Arcserve RHA Engine	Started	Automatic	LocalSystem	Provides real-time replication an
Switchover Properties	Arcserve RHA Control Ser		Manual	LocalSystem	Arcserve RHA Control Service
Scenario Verification	COM+ System Application	Started	Manual	LocalSystem	Manages the configuration and
	🔲 🆏 Indexing Service	Started	Automatic	LocalSystem	Indexes contents and properties
Run Scenario	Cryptographic Services	Started	Automatic	LocalSystem	Provides three management ser
	DCOM Server Process Launcher	Started	Automatic	LocalSystem	Provides launch functionality for
	Distributed File System		Manual	LocalSystem	Integrates disparate file shares i
	DHCP Client	Started	Automatic	NT AUTHORIT.	. Registers and updates IP addre
	DNS Client	Started	Automatic	NT AUTHORIT	. Resolves and caches Domain N
	Error Reporting Service	Started	Automatic	LocalSystem	Collects, stores, and reports une
	COM+ Event System	Started	Automatic	LocalSystem	Supports System Event Notifica
					-
	<u>ا</u>				
	Check All Uncheck All				
			<u>B</u> ack	Next	Finish Cancel

- All lists all services discovered on the Master server
- Managed Services lists only the checked services
- Oracle Database lists Oracle-related services if the current host has Oracle installed
- Microsoft SQL Server lists SQL Server-related services if the current host has SQL Server installed
- Microsoft IIS Server lists IIS Server-related services if the current host has IIS Server installed
- Microsoft SharePoint Server lists SharePoint Server-related services if the current host has SharePoint Server installed
- VMware vCenter Server lists vCenter Server-related services if the current host has vCenter Server installed

- Microsoft Exchange Server lists Microsoft Exchange Server-related services if the current host has Microsoft Exchange Server installed
- Microsoft Dynamics CRM Server lists Microsoft Dynamics CRM Server-related services if the current host has Microsoft Dynamics CRM Server installed
- 1. Select a Service to Monitor. Click the box to the left of each service listed to select it for monitoring.

**Important**! Do not use Services Management to monitor every service on the Master server in a single scenario. This scenario type is not designed to protect an entire server.

Services Setting

2. Click Next to proceed to the Services Setting screen.

Managed services are listed below, please set the properties for each service.



- 3. In the Start Order column for each service you chose, specify the numeric value representing start order. For services where order does not matter, use the default value, (Not Set). The options available in the drop down list update as you configure the value. The first service has only two options: Not Set and 1. The second service has three options: Not Set, 1 and 2, and so on. If you assign the same start order to two services, Arcserve RHA automatically reorders the selections you already made.
- 4. In Replication scenarios, the Critical column is disabled. In HA scenarios, use the Critical column to specify if a service should trigger switchover when it fails. By default, all services are marked Critical. Clear the box for any service whose failure does not require switchover to the stand-by server.

# **Create SharePoint Server Scenarios**

Creating scenarios is covered in full detail in the *Arcserve RHA Administration Guide*. This section provides additional information specific to creating a Microsoft SharePoint Server scenario. The Scenario Creation Wizard guides you through the steps required to create a high availability scenario. When completed, you should run your scenario to start data synchronization. Synchronization could take a while, depending on database size and network bandwidth. After synchronization completes, your high availability scenario now maintains the Replica server so that it can take over for the Master the moment a failure is detected.

#### Notes:

- When the Arcserve RHA Engine is installed in a SharePoint environment that is joined to a SharePoint farm, the installation process installs Arcserve RHA SharePoint COM+ and registers the corresponding service, CAARCserveRHASPSCOMApp, for all SharePoint Scenarios. When you uninstall the Arcserve RHA Engine, the uninstallation process uninstalls and unregisters the corresponding components.
- On Windows Server 2008 systems, the Microsoft Distributed Transaction Coordinator (MSDTC) service may prevent the SharePoint COM+ application from starting properly. This may prevent SharePoint HA scenarios from performing critical operations. For example, database Auto-Discovery, Run this scenario, Assured Recovery (AR) testing, and so on. To remedy this problem, restart the server where the problem occurred (Master or Replica).
- For a high availability scenario, you must replicate the entire SharePoint Farm.
- For SharePoint Foundation 2010, you need two additional DLL files, Microsoft.Office.Server.dll and Microsoft.Office.Sever.Search.dll. You can copy these two files from the SharePoint 2010 full edition. Copy the two DLL files to the RHA engine folder and restart the CAARCserveRHASPSCOMAPP service.

### **Create a SharePoint Server Scenario for Standalone Deployments**

The following procedure applies to HA scenarios in SharePoint Server standalone deployments. It creates a single scenario to protect the SharePoint Server deployment.

#### To create a SharePoint High Availability scenario

- 1. From the Arcserve RHA Manager, select Scenario, New or click the New Scenario button.
- 2. When the Welcome dialog opens, select Create New Scenario and click Next.

- 3. When the Select Scenario Type dialog opens, select SharePoint, High Availability Scenario, and Replica Integrity Testing for Assured Recovery (optional). If you choose Assured Recovery, note that only existing web application databases can be discovered and replicated. For more information about Assured Recovery, see the *Arcserve RHA* Administration Guide.
- 4. When the Master and Replica hosts dialog opens, name your scenario and provide the hostname or IP address for the Master and Replica servers. Click Next. For more information, see <u>Redirection Methods</u> (see page 47).
- 5. Wait for Engine Verification to complete and click Next. If needed, click Install to upgrade the Engine on one or both servers and then click Next.

The Replica Configuration dialog opens, listing all auto-discovered results for the specified Master. By default, all databases are included.

**Note:** For a high availability scenario, all data items (i.e. database, SharePoint data folder, and so on) are replicated and cannot be deselected.

- 6. On the Replica Configuration dialog, do one of the following:
  - If the comparison results for the Replica and the Master are identical, click Next.
  - If the comparison results for the Replica and the Master are different you must re-configure SharePoint on the Replica.
- 7. Enter the domain administrator's account credentials. For SharePoint Server 2007, enter the user name, password and domain. For SharePoint Server 2010, enter the user name, password, domain, and farm pass phrase. The account you specify is applied as the logon account for the Arcserve RHA SharePoint COM+ service on the Replica to process auto-configuration. For more information, see <u>Arcserve RHA</u> <u>SharePoint COM+ Service</u> (see page 19).
- 8. Wait for the auto-configuration to complete and click Next. For more information, see Prepare the SharePoint Replica Server.
- 9. When the Scenario Properties dialog opens, configure additional properties, if needed. If you use NTFS ACLs with domain accounts for user access control, we recommend that you select the Replicate NTFS ACL option and click Next. For more information, see <u>Scenario Properties</u> (see page 31) or the *Arcserve RHA* Administration Guide.

**Note**: The Synchronize Windows Shares option is set to On by default to ensure the query role in the server farm works correctly after failover.

The Master and Replica Properties dialog opens.

- 10. Accept default settings or make the desired changes and click Next.
- Wait for the Switchover Properties dialog to retrieve information. Configure the desired redirection properties and click Next. For more information, see <u>Switching</u> <u>Over and Switching Back</u> (see page 55).

12. From the Switchover and Reverse Replication Initiation dialog, select automatic or manual switchover, and automatic or manual reverse replication, as needed.

You should not set both of these options to automatic. For more information, see <u>Scenario Properties</u> (see page 31) or the *Arcserve RHA* Administration Guide.

- 13. If you selected Integrity Testing for Assured Recovery, the dialog opens now. Set a schedule if desired. For more information, see the *Arcserve RHA* Administration Guide.
- 14. Click Next to initiate scenario verification. If errors are reported, you should resolve them before continuing. At successful verification, click Next to complete scenario creation.

**Note**: If scenario verification reports an error about replicas still existing in the farm, this is due to a configuration problem. To resolve it, launch the SharePoint Wizard on the Replica to disconnect it from the Master's farm and then repeat auto-configuration.

15. Select Run Now or Finish. Run Now starts synchronization. Finish allows you to run the scenario later. See <u>Run the Scenario from Outside the Wizard.</u> (see page 41)

### Create a SharePoint Server Scenario for Server Farm (all in one) Deployments

The following procedure applies to HA scenarios in SharePoint Server all-in-one deployments. It creates a single scenario to protect the SharePoint server deployment.

#### To create a SharePoint High Availability scenario

- 1. From the Arcserve RHA Manager, select Scenario, New or click the New Scenario button.
- 2. When the Welcome dialog opens, select Create New Scenario and click Next.
- 3. When the Select Scenario Type dialog opens, select SharePoint, High Availability Scenario, and Replica Integrity Testing for Assured Recovery (optional). For more information about Assured Recovery, see the *Arcserve RHA* Administration Guide.
- When the Master and Replica hosts dialog opens, name your scenario and provide the hostname or IP address for the Master and Replica servers. Click Next. For more information, see <u>Redirection Methods</u> (see page 47).
- 5. Wait for Engine Verification to complete and click Next. If needed, click Install to upgrade the Engine on one or both servers and then click Next.

The Replica Configuration dialog opens, listing all auto-discovered results for the specified Master. By default, all databases are included.

**Note:** For a high availability scenario, all data items (i.e. database, SharePoint data folder, and so on) are replicated and cannot be deselected.

- 6. On the Replica Configuration dialog, do one of the following:
  - If the comparison results for the Replica and the Master are identical, click Next.
  - If the comparison results for the Replica and the Master are different you must re-configure SharePoint on the Replica.
- Enter the domain administrator's account credentials. For SharePoint Server 2007, enter the user name, password and domain. For SharePoint Server 2010, enter the user name, password, domain, and farm pass phrase. The account you specify is applied as the logon account for the Arcserve RHA SharePoint COM+ service on the Replica to process auto-configuration. For more information, see <u>Arcserve RHA</u> <u>SharePoint COM+ Service</u> (see page 19).
- 8. Wait for the auto-configuration to complete and click Next. For more information, see Prepare the SharePoint Replica Server.
- 9. When the Scenario Properties dialog opens, configure additional properties, if needed. If you use NTFS ACLs with domain accounts for user access control, we recommend that you select the Replicate NTFS ACL option and click Next. For more information, see <u>Scenario Properties</u> (see page 31) or the *Arcserve RHA* Administration Guide.

**Note**: The Synchronize Windows Shares option is set to On by default to ensure the query role in the server farm works correctly after failover.

The Master and Replica Properties dialog opens.

- 10. Accept default settings or make the desired changes and click Next.
- 11. Wait for the Switchover Properties dialog to retrieve information. Configure the desired redirection properties and click Next. For more information, see <u>Switching</u> <u>Over and Switching Back</u> (see page 55).
- 12. From the Switchover and Reverse Replication Initiation dialog, select automatic or manual switchover, and automatic or manual reverse replication, as needed.

You should not set both of these options to automatic. For more information, see <u>Scenario Properties</u> (see page 31) or the *Arcserve RHA* Administration Guide.

- 13. If you selected Integrity Testing for Assured Recovery, the dialog opens now. Set a schedule if desired. For more information, see the *Arcserve RHA* Administration Guide.
- 14. Click Next to initiate scenario verification. If errors are reported, you should resolve them before continuing. At successful verification, click Next to complete scenario creation.

**Note**: If scenario verification reports an error about replicas still existing in the farm, this is due to a configuration problem. To resolve it, launch the SharePoint Wizard on the Replica to disconnect it from the Master's farm and then repeat auto-configuration.

15. Select Run Now or Finish. Run Now starts synchronization. Finish allows you to run the scenario later. See <u>Run the Scenario from Outside the Wizard</u> (see page 37).

### Create Multiple Scenarios for SharePoint Server Farm (distributed deployments)

SharePoint deployments often include application, database, and load balancing web-front-end servers, each critical to the successful operation of the application. To protect distributed deployments like this, a separate scenario is required for each of the following:

- SQL scenario to protect the database server
- SharePoint scenario to protect the application server
- SharePoint scenario to protect the web front end server (For SharePoint Server 2007 only)

With this release, you can now create a single scenario group that configures the required individual scenarios needed to protect a distributed deployment, and lets you set switchover properties at the group level, so the entire farm can switch over when a failure is detected anywhere in the deployment. Arcserve RHA automatically discovers the farm topology and creates the required scenario for each discovered component.

**Note**: If you installed the SQL Server and SharePoint Server software on the same host, you need only one SharePoint HA scenario to protect it. The Farm Discovery panel does not appear if this host is the only server in the farm.

#### To create multiple SharePoint Server scenarios for a SharePoint Farm

1. From the Manager, click the New Scenario button to launch the Scenario Creation Wizard.

The Welcome screen opens.

- 2. From the Welcome screen, do the following:
  - a. Click Create a New Scenario.
  - b. Enter a new Scenario Group name, which Arcserve RHA will create with the scenario.
  - c. Click Next.

The Select Server and Product Type screen opens.

- 3. From the Select Server and Product Type screen, do the following:
  - a. Select MS SharePoint Server as the Server Type.
  - b. Click High Availability Scenario as the Product Type.
  - c. Click None for Tasks on Replica. For more information on performing Assured Recovery, see the *Arcserve RHA Administration Guide*.
  - d. Click Next.

The Master and Replica Hosts screen opens.

- 4. Do the following:
  - a. Enter a name for the scenario to add to the group.
  - b. In the Master Hostname/IP field, enter the host name or IP address of your SharePoint web front end server. Arcserve RHA discovers all the SharePoint servers in your deployment.
  - c. In the Replica Hostname/IP field, enter the host name or IP address of a server you wish to use as the stand-by server.
  - d. For the Port numbers, accept the default value.
  - e. Enable the option, Verify Arcserve RHA Engine on hosts.
  - f. Click Next.

The Engine Verification screen opens.

5. Wait while verification completes. If needed, install the Engine on one or both servers and click Next.

The Configure the Master/Replica Host Mappings screen opens, showing a list of the discovered servers in your deployment.

- 6. On this screen, do the following:
  - a. In the Host Mappings list, select the SharePoint servers you want to protect. The first Master is automatically listed from the information you provided on the Master and Replica Hosts screen.
  - b. In the Replica Hostname column, enter the Replica hostname for each selected server.
  - c. In the Scenario Name column, enter a unique scenario name for each selected server.
  - d. Enable the option, Verify Arcserve RHA Engine on Hosts.
  - e. Click Next.

The Engine Verification screen opens again, showing the status for each discovered Master and assigned Replica server. The first server you specified is excluded from this list because it was previously verified.

7. Install the Engine on any server, if needed, and click Next.

The Database for Replication screen opens.

- 8. Enable the option, Replicate new databases in the selected root directories and click Next.
- 9. Wait while the server configuration on the Master and Replica servers is compared. Replicas are auto-configured to match Masters.
- 10. When the Replica Configuration screen opens, click Next if any Replica is not auto-configured. For server farms, enter the domain administrator's account credentials. For SharePoint Server 2007, enter the user name, password and domain. For SharePoint Server 2010, enter the user name, password, domain, and farm pass phrase. The account you specify is applied as the logon account for the Arcserve RHA SharePoint COM+ service on the Replica to process auto-configuration. For more information, see <u>Arcserve RHA SharePoint COM+ Service</u> (see page 19)

The Scenario Properties screen opens.

11. This screen displays properties with each scenario on its own tab. You may configure scenario properties independently for each scenario. Click Next when done.

The Master and Replica Properties screen opens.

12. This screen also features a tab for each scenario so you can set properties independently. Click Next when done.

The Switchover Properties screen opens after Arcserve RHA retrieves default settings for all scenarios in the group.

13. Set properties on each tab and click Next when done.

The Switchover and Reverse Replication Initiation screen opens.

14. All scenarios share the same settings on this screen. Select either Switchover or Reverse Replication and set to automatic, but not both. Click Next.

The Group Properties screen opens.

- 15. This screen lets you specify the group switchover settings. Do the following:
  - a. Expand the Switchover Settings properties group.
  - b. If you want the whole group to switchover as a single entity, turn on the Switchover as a Group property.
  - c. Expand the Failure Triggers Group Switchover property. All scenarios in your group are listed. Set the value to On for any scenario that should trigger whole group switchover if it fails.
  - d. If Arcserve RHA is unable to switch over the whole group, you can set the Actions When Unable to Switchover as a Group option to On.
  - e. Click Next.

Wait while Arcserve RHA performs Group Verification.

16. The verification process actually verifies every scenario in the group and lists any errors or warnings found. You must resolve errors and should fix warnings before continuing. Finally, click Next.

**Note**: If scenario verification reports an error about replicas still existing in the farm, this is due to a configuration error. Launch the SharePoint configuration wizard from the Windows Start menu on the Replica server to disconnect it from the Master's farm and then repeat auto-configuration.

- 17. The scenario group is ready. Do one of the following:
  - Click Finish to save the scenario group. You can add additional scenarios, if desired. For more information, see the topic <u>Create a SharePoint Server</u> <u>Scenario</u> (see page 23), or view the Operation Guides for instructions on creating other scenario types. You can run the group later.
  - Click Run Now to run the scenario group immediately.

### **Troubleshooting--Automatic AR failed for a SharePoint Scenario**

#### Symptom

The following error is displayed when performing automatic Assured Recovery testing for a SharePoint scenario:

Unable to check SharePoint state: Unknown Automatic SharePoint testing on replica hostname is unsuccessful

#### Solution

These errors are related to the SQL account security. If SQL is a local account, set Replicate ACL OFF to solve the issue.

#### Follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to Scenario Properties.
- 2. Click Replication and then click Optional Settings.
- 3. Set Replicate ACL to OFF.
- 4. Save the properties.

### **Set Scenario Properties**

You can change a scenario configured using the Wizard or configure additional settings, or modify the scenario, using the Properties pane.

The Properties pane and its tabs are context-sensitive and change whenever you select a different node from a scenario folder. You must stop a scenario before configuring its properties. Certain values cannot be modified once set; they are noted. For full details on configuring scenario properties and their descriptions, see the *Arcserve RHA Administration Guide*. Properties are organized into tabs on the Arcserve RHA Manager Framework pane. The tabs displayed are based upon server type, Arcserve RHA solution, and scenario status. Select the scenario for which you want to change properties, and then select the appropriate tab.

- 💼 Scenarios							Scenario Properties		
Exchange								Property	Value
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Exchange-HA	Editing	HA.		Exchange			Event Notification	n	
Hosts	Changed				Receiv	···	🗉 🖲 Report Handling		
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#### Settings on the Root Directories tab

Do the following:

- 1. Select a Master Server from the Scenario Pane. Double-click its Directories folder to add or remove Master Root Directories. Select or clear checkboxes next to folders, as desired, to include or exclude them. You may also edit directory names.
- 2. Select a Replica Server from the Scenario Pane. For each Master Root directory, you must specify a Replica Root directory. Double-click the Directories folder for the Replica server. Select or clear checkboxes next to folders, as desired, to hold the corresponding Master directory.

#### **Settings on the Properties Tab**

#### **Scenario Properties**

These settings establish default behavior for the entire scenario.

- General properties -- cannot be changed once created
- Replication properties -- select the replication mode (Online or Scheduled), synchronization values (File or Block, Ignore Files of Same Size/Type) and optional settings (Replicate NTFS Compress Attribute, Replicate NTFS ACL, Synchronize Windows Shares, Prevent Automatic Re-sync upon Error)
- Event notification properties -- specify a script to run, select email notification, or write to event log.
- Report Handling -- specify report settings, email distribution or script execution

#### **Master and Replica Properties**

These settings establish server properties on both Master and Replica. Some settings vary by server type.

- Host connection properties -- Enter the IP address, Port number and Fully Qualified Name of the Master and Replica.
- Replication properties -- These properties differ for Master and Replica.
   See the Arcserve RHA Administration Guide for more information.
- Spool properties -- Set the size, minimum disk free size and directory path.
   See <u>Spool Directory Settings</u> (see page 73) for more information.
- Event notification properties -- specify a script to run, select email notification, or write to event log.
- Report properties -- select synchronization or replication reports, specify distribution or script execution.
- (Replica) Scheduled Tasks -- set or suspend tasks, including Replica Integrity Testing for Assured Recovery. For more details, see the Arcserve RHA Administration Guide.
- (Replica) Recovery properties -- set delay, data rewind properties, or scheduled task for replica.

#### Settings on the HA Properties Tab

These settings control how switchover and switchback are performed.

- Switchover properties -- select automatic or manual switchover, provide switchover hostname, and reverse replication settings.
- Hosts properties -- specify the Master and Replica Fully Qualified Name.
- Network Traffic Redirection properties -- select Move IP, Redirect DNS, Switch Computer Name or User-defined scripts.
- Is Alive properties -- set the heartbeat frequency and check method.
- DB Management properties (does not apply to File Server scenarios) -- instructs Arcserve RHA to manage shares or services on a database server.
- Action upon Success properties -- defines custom scripts and arguments for use.

## Prepare the Distributed Group for Protecting SharePoint Farm

A *distributed group* is a SharePoint Server farm with several servers where multiple scenarios are created to protect them. These scenarios must be centrally managed as single logical unit, as they are part of the same farm. Unlike the default group and the regular group, the distributed group has central management functionalities. Some of the central management functionalities include:

- Group Run/Stop: You can start/stop all the scenarios in the group together.
- Group Switchover: You can initiate manual switchover on all the scenarios once, and configure them to be switched over together automatically in case any of them is failed.
- Group Recover Active Server: You can resolve the split-farm problem (some SharePoint server Masters are active while other Replicas are active). It can easily recover active servers of all scenarios to either Master or Replica.

# **Create Distributed Groups**

You can create distributed groups from available regular groups using Central Scenario Management.

#### To create a distributed group using the Scenario Creation Wizard

- 1. Open the Scenario Creation Wizard.
- 2. Specify a new group name in the scenario creation wizard when creating scenarios for SharePoint farm.

A new distributed group is created.

#### To convert a regular group to a distributed group

- 1. Create a Regular Group.
- 2. Select the Regular group on the Manager and right-click to select the Enable Central Management Option.

The regular group is converted to Distributed Group.

**Note:** You can easily convert a Distributed Group to Regular Group by disabling the Scenario Group Management option.

## **Group Properties**

You can configure the group properties using the Scenario Creation Wizard, while creating a scenario.

The group properties include:

#### **Scenario Dependencies**

Manages the interdependencies between scenarios. Usually a distributed application has multiple components/roles/servers which are interdependent. Any scenario can be configured to depend on one or more scenarios or multiple scenarios can depend on a single scenario. These services can be handled by the Scenario Dependencies property.

#### **Switchover Settings**

Manages the switchover setting in a distributed group. Some of the switchover setting options include:

- Switchover as a Group : If this option is set to On, the whole group (all the scenarios) will be automatically switched over together in case one of the scenarios is failed and ready to take switchover.
- Failure Triggers Group Switchover: A single failure can trigger a group switchover. By default, all scenarios can trigger group switchover, and you can configure some light-weight scenarios to be set to Off.
- Execute Scenario Switchover Settings: This option decides whether the scenario should execute its own switchover settings.

#### **Scenario Availability Sets**

A distributed application might configure two or more servers to provide same services to improve availability or performance. When one server is down, the other servers are still working and can still provide the services. Scenario Availability Set will be used when Arcserve RHA manages these servers/scenarios of that distributed application.

If two scenarios are configured in the same Scenario Availability Set, the group switchover is initiated only when both scenarios fail. This function is not invoked when one of the options fail.

**Note:** The same group can have one or more Scenario Availability Sets, but one scenario cannot be configured in two different sets.

If there are Load-Balancing WFE servers configured in the SharePoint farm, it is recommended that you configure the scenarios protecting WFE servers to be in same scenario availability set.

#### **Event Notification**

Lets you configure the policies for the group event. Some of the policies include:

- Notify by email: Send an email to specified recipients.
- Execute script: Execute some pre-defined script.
- Write system event log: Write a log to Windows system events.
# How to Run a Scenario or a Group

After you create a scenario, you need to run it to start the replication process. Typically, before data changes on the Master are replicated to the Replica, the Master and the Replica need to be synchronized. Therefore, the first step in initiating a replication is synchronizing the Master and Replica servers. After the servers have been synchronized, online replication starts automatically, continuously updating the Replica with all of the changes that occur on the Master.

**Note:** For the replication process to succeed, verify that the user under which the Arcserve RHA Engine is running has Read permission on the Master, and Read and Write permissions on each replication root directory and included files, and on all participating Replica hosts.

### **Run a Scenario**

You can run a single scenario using the following procedure:

#### To run the scenario

- 1. From the Scenario pane, select the scenario you want to run.
- 2. Click Run on the Standard toolbar.

Before initiating synchronization and replication, Arcserve RHA verifies your scenario configuration. When verification completes successfully, the Manager displays the message: *Are you sure you want to run scenario "scenario\_name?"* If problems are discovered, the top pane displays any warning and error messages resulting from verification.

**Note:** Scenario Verification checks many different parameters between the Master and Replica servers to ensure a successful switchover. If any errors or warnings are reported you should not continue until they are resolved.

3. Correct errors before you continue. Errors are reported on the Event pane.

**Note:** Replication of mount points succeeds only if those were added to the Master before the Engine was started. If you included the mount points in the Master root directories when the Engine was already running, no error is reported but the replication does not start. In this case, you need to restart the Engine on the Master before initiating replication.

When no error is reported, the Run dialog appears and contains synchronization options.

Synchronization method	
C File synchronization	
Best suited for a large number of small files	
Block synchronization	
Best suited for large files	
Offline Synchronization	
Best suited for synchronizing a large amount of data in an en-	vironment with a low bandwidth network.
Ignore same size/time files	
Skip Synchronization	
L	<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel

Note: Do not use Skip Synchronization for any scenarios replicating a database.

- 4. If you have a large number of small files, select File Synchronization. If you have large files, select Block Synchronization. If you have low bandwidth, select Offline Synchronization to transfer data to an external device, then perform synchronization from that device. Select the Ignore same size/time files to skip the comparison of files with the same path, name, size and modification time, which are generally identical, to reduce synchronization time. You should enable the Skip Synchronization option only when you are certain the files on both Master and Replica are identical. (The default selections are File Synchronization and Ignore same size/time files option enabled).
- 5. Click the OK button. Synchronization may take a while, depending on database size and network bandwidth between the Master and Replica. You will receive the following message in the event window when the synchronization is complete: *All modifications during synchronization are replicated*.

At this point, the scenario is operational and active. By default, a Synchronization Report is generated when synchronization finishes. To view the report, refer to the topic, View a Report. You can also generate regular Replication Reports to monitor the replication process on each participating server. For more information, see the *Arcserve RHA Administration Guide*.

### **Run a Group**

You can run multiple scenarios in a group using the following procedure.

#### To run the group

- 1. From the Scenario pane, select the group you want to run.
- 2. Click Run on the Standard toolbar.

Before initiating synchronization and replication, Arcserve RHA verifies your group configuration. When verification completes successfully, the Manager displays the message: Are you sure you want to run group 'group\_name'?

[SharePoim	nt]	
Are you su	ure you	want to run group 'SharePoint'?
[app1]		
WARNING: S	Service	'SPTimerV3' on host 2k3app7 has Manual Startup Type; it wi
WARNING: S	Service	'SPAdmin' on host 2k3app7 has Manual Startup Type; it will
WARNING: 9	Service	'SPTrace' on host 2k3app7 has Manual Startup Type; it will
WARNING: 9	Service	'DCLauncher' on host 2k3app7 has Manual Startup Type; it w
WARNING: 9	Service	'OSearch' on host 2k3app7 has Manual Startup Type; it will
WARNING: S	Service	'SPWriter' on host 2k3app7 has Manual Startup Type; it wil
WARNING: S	Service	'IISADMIN' on host 2k3app7 has Manual Startup Type; it wil
WARNING: 9	Service	'W3SVC' on host 2k3app7 has Manual Startup Type; it will b
WARNING: S	Service	'OSearch' on host 2k3app8 has Manual Startup Type; it will
WARNING: S	Service	'SPWriter' on host 2k3app8 has Manual Startup Type; it wil
WARNING: S	Service	'IISADMIN' on host 2k3app8 has Manual Startup Type; it wil
WARNING: S	Service	'W3SVC' on host 2k3app8 has Manual Startup Type; it will b
Scenario	'app1' r	ready to run.
[db]		
WARNING: 9	Service	'MSSQL\$SHAREPOINT' on host 2k3app3 has Manual Startup Type
WARNING: S	Service	'MSSQL\$SHAREPOINT' on host 2k3app6 has Manual Startup Type
Scenario	'db' rea	ady to run.
[app2]		
	Service	'SPTimerV3' on host 2K3APP2 has Manual Startup Type; it wi
<b>4</b>		

**Note:** If problems are discovered, the top pane displays any warning and error messages resulting from verification.

Group Verification checks many different parameters between the Master and Replica servers to ensure a successful switchover. If any errors or warnings are reported you should not continue until they are resolved.

If scenario verification reports an error that replicas still exist in the farm, this is due to a configuration error. Launch the SharePoint configuration wizard from the Windows Start menu on the Replica server to disconnect it from the Master's farm and then repeat auto-configuration.

3. Correct errors before you continue. Errors are reported on the Event pane.

**Note:** Replication of mount points succeeds only if those were added to the Master before the Engine was started. If you included the mount points in the Master root directories when the Engine was already running, no error is reported but the replication does not start. In this case, you need to restart the Engine on the Master before initiating replication.

When no error is reported, the Run dialog appears and contains synchronization options.

Best suited for large files Use default 'Syncrhonization Method' for each scenario in this group	0	File synchronization
<ul> <li>Best suited for large files</li> <li>Use default "Syncrhonization Method" for each scenario in this group Best suited for scenarios having different default synchronization met</li> </ul>		Best suited for a large number of small files
<ul> <li>Use default 'Syncrhonization Method' for each scenario in this group Best suited for scenarios having different default synchronization met</li> </ul>	0	Block synchronization
Best suited for scenarios having different default synchronization met		Best suited for large files
	21	I los detault 'Cuserbonisstion Method' for each acceptio in this group.
Skip Synchronization		Best suited for scenarios having different default synchronization meth
		Best suited for scenarios having different default synchronization meth Ignore same size/time files

Note: Do not use Skip Synchronization for any scenarios replicating a database.

- 4. If you have a large number of small files, select File Synchronization. If you have large files, select Block Synchronization and if you have a different default synchronization method and run a group, then select Use default 'Synchronization Method' for each scenario in this group and then perform synchronization from that device. Select the Ignore same size/time files to skip the comparison of files with the same path, name, size and modification time, which are generally identical, to reduce synchronization time. You should enable the Skip Synchronization option only when you are certain the files on both Master and Replica are identical. (The default selections are File Synchronization and Ignore same size/time files option enabled).
- 5. Click the OK button. Synchronization may take a while, depending on database size and network bandwidth between the Master and Replica. You will receive the following message in the event window when the synchronization is complete: *All modifications during synchronization are replicated*.

At this point, the group is operational and active. By default, a Synchronization Report is generated when synchronization finishes. To view the report, refer to the topic, View a Report. You can also generate regular Replication Reports to monitor the replication process on each participating server. For more information, see the *Arcserve RHA Administration Guide*.

## How to Stop a Scenario or a Group

#### **Stop a Scenario**

#### To stop a scenario

- 1. From the Scenario pane, select the scenario you want to stop.
- 2. To stop the scenario, click the Stop 🚨 button on the Standard toolbar.

A confirmation message appears prompting you to approve the scenario stopping.

3. Click Yes in the confirmation message. The scenario stops.

After stopping the scenario, the Manager no longer shows the green play symbol to the left of the scenario, the scenario state turns to Stopped by user and the Statistics tab is no longer available on the Framework pane.

#### **Stop a Group**

#### To stop a scenario

- 1. From the Scenario pane, select the group you want to stop.
- 2. To stop the group, click the Stop 🚨 button on the Standard toolbar.

A confirmation message appears prompting you to approve the group stopping.

3. Click Yes in the confirmation message. The group stops.

After stopping the group, the Manager no longer shows the green play symbol to the left of the group, the scenario state turns to Stopped by user and the Statistics tab is no longer available on the Framework pane.

# How Arcserve RHA Supports Load Balanced SharePoint WFE

SharePoint WFE (Web Front End) servers can be deployed in a load balanced system to improve WFE performance. In many-to-many configuration mode, each WFE server is protected in a scenario with a dedicated standby for failover. In many-to-one configuration mode all WFE servers are consolidated into single standby server and the scenarios are in a single group to ensure group failover. Since the whole group of load balanced servers is protected as one, only when the last active server is down, the standby is going to be active.

Arcserve RHA provides high availability for these servers in many-to-many and many-to-one configuration methods. Considering that you can choose different kinds of load balance systems (hardware solution or software based solution such as DNS round robin or Microsoft NLB), Arcserve RHA will not handle load balance related logic during switchover such as workload distribution. The load balance system must ensure that your requests can be sent to a new server node and no further service requests are distributed to a removed node. If you have used Microsoft NLB as WFE load balanced solution, it is easier to redirect the network flow to standby after failover. Consider the following scenarios:

- If you have configured a scenario with redirection-DNS or switchover-hostname property, Arcserve RHA lets you dynamically start or stop NLB based on the scenario status. You can do this by specifying start-db and stop-db scripts.
- If you have configured a scenario with move-IP as network resource, the IP address you specify can be the private IP address of the server or the IP of the NLB cluster (virtual IP).
- For many-to-many configurations, if you want to move the virtual IP from the active server to a standby, you must first make all standby servers part of NLB, and then dynamically start or stop NLB in addition to moving virtual IP to standby. The reason for this is to avoid IP confliction when you are sharing the same IP among several non-NLB standbys.
- For many-to-one configurations, you must move the virtual IP from active to standby and then the standby will host the virtual IP address to respond to user requests.

### **View a Report**

Arcserve RHA can generate reports on the replication and synchronization processes. These reports can be stored on your desired location, opened for view from the Report Center, sent by email to a specified address, or they can trigger script execution.

The default storage directory of the generated reports is: [ProgramFilesFolder]\CA\ArcserveRHA\Manager\reports

#### To view reports

**Note:** Though an Exchange report is shown for illustrative purposes, the steps and screens are similar regardless of the type of scenario.

1. To view reports, locate the Tools menu, click Reports, and then select Show Scenario Reports.

Scenarios							
Scenario Name	Synchro	onizatior Differenc	e Replication	Assessment Mode	Assured Recovery	Total Reports	
Exchange 1	1	0	0	0	0	1	8

The Report Center opens in a new window.

The Report Center consists of two tables:

- The upper table Available Reports per Scenario contains a list of all scenarios that have reports, with the type and number of available reports for each scenario.
- The lower table Reports contains a list of all the reports that are available for the scenario selected in the upper table.
- 2. To view a specific report, select from the Available Reports per Scenario table the scenario that this report represents. Then, from the Reports table below, click the report you want to open.

Drag a column header here to group by that column									
Host	Changes	Date	Time	Туре	Summary	Detailed	Size (bytes)		
XORWEXCH2K7-1	UnKnown	Today	03:29:37	Assured Recovery	<b>C</b>		811		
XORWEXCH2K7-1	Changes found	12/07/08	22:29:48	Synchronization	<b>C</b>		28415		

**Note**: Depending on your settings, for Synchronization and Replication reports a Detailed report can be generated in addition to the Summary report. Both reports represent the same process, but the Detailed report also provides a list of the files that participated in the process.

Synchronization mode	BlockSynchronization (include files with the same size and modification time)				
Scenario	Exchange 1 192.168.50.2(1)				
Master host					
Replica host	192.168.50.12(2) 12/22/2009 06:37:52 12/22/2009 06:38:07				
Scenario start time					
Report start time					
Report finish time	12/22/2009 06:39:15				

SYNCHRONIZATION REPORT

# **View Events**

To view the events of a scenario, open the Manager, and select a scenario in the scenario view.

Note: Select the group in the scenario view to see the group events.

The events of the scenario are displayed at the bottom of the Manager window (by default).

# **View Statistics**

Arcserve RHA provides statistics on the replication and synchronization processes. You can display these statistics on the Manager.

#### To view statistics

- 1. Select the scenario or the group in the scenario view.
- 2. Click the Statistics tab.

The Statistics pane appears.

# **Chapter 3: Redirection Methods**

This section contains the following topics:

How Redirection Works (see page 47) <u>DNS Redirection</u> (see page 47) <u>Move IP Redirection</u> (see page 48) <u>Scripts Redirection</u> (see page 53)

# **How Redirection Works**

Each server type supported by Arcserve RHA can be configured to use one or more redirection methods. You should enable redirection methods based on your environment and business needs. The following sections describe the supported redirection methods for Microsoft SharePoint Server.

**Note:** For Microsoft Exchange Server 2010, by default, only Move IP is available for the redirection method. In addition, Exchange Server 2010 HA scenario works fine even if all redirection methods are set to off.

# **DNS Redirection**

DNS Redirection changes the DNS "A" Record of the Master server to resolve to IP address of the Replica server. Upon failure of the Master, the Replica server modifies the appropriate DNS record so that references to the Master server resolve to the Replica's IP address rather than the Master's IP address. This redirection method requires no network reconfiguration and works in LAN and WAN network configurations.

DNS redirection works only with A (host) type records and cannot update CNAME (Alias) records directly. However, if the CNAME record points to the modified A record, it is indirectly redirected.

Using the record that has the Master server's name is the default, however you can configure Arcserve RHA to redirect any DNS A (host) record via the *Master's name in DNS* setting in the switchover properties tab.

**Note**: For a standalone or server farm SharePoint high availability environment it is highly recommended that the DNS redirection method be enabled.

# **Move IP Redirection**

Move IP redirection involves moving the Master server IP address to the Replica server.

This redirection method is preferred for Virtual Machine scenarios and is usable only in a LAN configuration in which the Master and Replica servers reside in the same network segment. In this configuration, switchover of the Master server causes the Replica to take over one or more of the IP addresses assigned to the Master server.

Important! Use this method only when both servers are on the same IP subnet.

When using Move IP as the redirection method, you must first add IP addresses to the Master host. For more information, refer to the topic, Add IP on the Master Server.

#### Add IP on the Master Server

You need to add an additional IP address to the Master host, (which is denoted as *Arcserve-IP* in the following steps) to use Move IP redirection in your HA scenarios. This new IP address is used for Arcserve RHA internal communication and replication. This is necessary because once switchover occurs, the current production IP address is no longer available on the Master --- it switches to the Replica server.

Important! Perform the following only if you are using the Move IP redirection method.

#### To add IP Address to Master Server

- 1. Open the Control Panel and select Network Connections.
- 2. Right-click Local Area Network and select Properties.
- 3. Click Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and then click the Properties button.
- 4. Click Advanced.

5. Click Add and enter an additional IP address (Arcserve-IP).

In the following screenshot, the Arcserve-IP IP address is 192.168.220.23 and the current production server IP address is 192.168.220.111.

Loc	al Area Connection I	properties		1×	
Intern	et Protocol (TEP/IP)	Properties		?	×
Ger	Advanced TCP/IP Se	ttings			2 ×
Yc th	IP Settings DNS	WINS   Option	6		
fo	IP addgesses				
\$ [	IP address <current ma<="" td=""><td>ister IP add</td><td>Subnet mask 255.255.255.0</td><td></td><td></td></current>	ister IP add	Subnet mask 255.255.255.0		
		<u>A</u> dd	Edt	Remove	
	Default gateway	TCP/IP Addre	55		? ×
	Gateway 192.168.220.:	∏P address: §ubnet mask:	-	IP IP add> 5 . 255 . 0	-
-				Add	Cancel
	Igterface metric				
			ок	a	Incel

- 6. Click Add.
- 7. Click OK.
- 8. Click OK to exit the LAN settings.

After you add the IP to the Master, you must add the Arcserve-IP to your HA scenarios. There are two ways to add the Arcserve-IP address to an HA scenario:

- For new scenarios, from directly in the Wizard
- For existing scenarios, by modifying the master host name

The procedures for both ways follow.

#### Add Arcserve-IP to Existing Scenarios-sharepoint

Perform this procedure only if you are using the Move IP redirection method.

#### To add the Arcserve-IP to existing scenarios:

1. On the Scenario pane, select the required Master host:

Scenario	view							<b>-</b>	Ψ×
🖻 🧊 S c	enarios								<b>_</b>
	Scenario		State	2	Product	M	Server		
🖻 🕨	Exchange 2007cluster to	stand-al	Running	н	ia/ar	0	Exchange		
	Hosts	Cha	Sent Data	Sent File	is R R I				
B	SISLXORWEX07CM	4.55 MB	0.00 Bytes		0 0 0 1				
	- 🗏 ISLXORWEX07CN	0.00 B	0.00 Bytes		00 00	)			

- 2. Right-click the Master and select **Rename** from the pop-up menu. Then, enter the Arcserve-IP address.
- 3. On the Framework pane, select the **Switchover** tab and then select the Replica server as the switchover host.

4. Set the **Move IP** option to On. Ensure that the IP address under **Move IP**, **IP/Mask** matches the production server IP address: this is the IP address that will switch-over. If you are moving more than one IP address you can add multiple production IP addresses by selecting **Click here to add new IP/Mask**:

	Value
🗉 🕘 Switchover	·
🗉 🕘 Hosts	
🖳 Network Traffic Redirection	
📕 Move IP	O#
🗆 🧾 Redirect DNS	On Off
🗉 🖳 DNS Servers IPs	Off
🔲 DNS IP	141.202.226.10
📃 DNS IP	Click here to add new IP.
📕 DNS TTL (sec)	60
Active Directory Integrated	On
🗉 🕒 Master IPs in DNS	
📕 IP Address	141.202.226.74
📕 IP Address	Click here to add new IP.
🖳 Replica IPs in DNS	
IP Address	141.202.226.42
IP Address	Click here to add new IP.
🧾 Switch Computer Name	Off
🖽 User-Defined Scripts	
Is Alive	
🗄 🛄 DB Management	
E Action upon Success	

#### Add Arcserve-IP to New Scenarios

Note: Perform this procedure only if you are using the Move IP redirection method.

During the initial run of the Scenario Creation Wizard, enter the Arcserve-IP and Replica IP addresses in the Master Hostname/IP and Replica Hostname/IP boxes, instead of the server names.

Scenario Creation Wizard		
✓ Welcome		Master and Replica Hosts address for both the Master (source) and Replica (target) hosts. more than one Replica, add one Replica now, and manually add the other Replicas in the Scenario pane once steps.
<ul> <li>Product Type</li> <li>Scenario Setup</li> </ul>	Scenario Name	Exchange - HA
Hosts Engine Verification Master Configuration	Master Hostname/IP	<master address="" ip="">      Port     25000</master>
Replica Configuration Scenario Properties	Replica Hostname/IP	-Replica IP address> Port 25000
Hosts Properties Switchover Properties		Replicate to Cloud     Select Cloud Host
Scenario Verification Run Scenario		Assessment Mode
		Verify Arcserve RHA Engine on Hosts
		Back <u>N</u> ext <u>Fi</u> nish <u>C</u> ancel ,

#### **Switch Computer Name Redirection**

If you are redirecting File Shares, in which clients connect via the Master server name, enable Switch Computer Name. For example, if the Master server name is fs01 and clients connect to \\fs01\sharename or \\fs01.domain.com\sharename, using the Switch Computer Name method redirects clients to the failover server. To use Switch Computer Name Redirection in the Active Directory environment, both Master and Replica must belong to the same domain.

It is also recommended to enable one other method. The most common method is to use both DNS Redirection and Switch Computer Name. Arcserve RHA makes the required computer name switch by assigning a temporary name to the Master server and taking over its computer name for use with the Replica server. Arcserve RHA updates records directly and does not generally require a reboot. If, however, you encounter any problems after switchover, consider setting the reboot option to On and testing again.

**Note**: For Windows Server 2008 systems, you must reboot the computer after a switchover occurs when the switch computer name method is used. To do so, enable the property, Reboot after switchover. However, for Windows 2008 Cluster systems, reboot will not occur even if this property is enabled. You must reboot manually and ensure the SQL Server service is running.

**Important**: For a standalone SharePoint high availability environment you must enable the Switch Computer Name redirection method.

### **Automatic Redirection Using Switch Computer Name**

When possible during switchover, Arcserve RHA renames the master host to *masterhostname-RHA* and assigns its original name to the replica server. This step prevents name conflict, since the master's name is now assigned to the replica server. In this graceful case, if automatic reverse replication is set to on, Arcserve RHA starts the backward scenario automatically. If Automatic Reverse Replication is set to Off, run the scenario again manually by selecting the Run button or choosing Run from the Tools menu. Once the backward scenario has run and synchronization is complete, you can click Perform Switchover to switch back.

## **Scripts Redirection**

Arcserve RHA can trigger custom scripts or batch files to perform the user redirection or any additional steps not covered by built-in methods. If the above methods are not appropriate or do not fully meet all requirements, see the *Arcserve RHA Administration Guide* for details on scripted redirection methods.

# **Chapter 4: Switching Over and Switching Back**

Switchover and Switchback is the process in which active and passive roles are exchanged between the Master and Replica servers, so that if the Master is currently active, it changes to passive after Switchover passes the active role to the Replica. If the Replica is active, it changes to passive after Switchover passes the active role to the Master. Switchover can be triggered at the push of a button or automatically by Arcserve RHA when it detects that the Master is unavailable, if you enabled the Perform Switchover Automatically option from the Switchover and Reverse Initiation dialog. When this option is Off, the system notifies you that the Master server is down so you can manually initiate switchover from the Arcserve RHA Manager.

This section contains the following topics:

How Switchover and Switchback Work (see page 55) Initiate Switchover (see page 57) Initiate Switchover for a Group (see page 58) Initiate Switchback (see page 59) Initiate Switchback for a Group (see page 61) Recover Active Server (see page 62) Switchover Considerations (see page 63) Recover Active Server for a Distributed Group (see page 63)

# **How Switchover and Switchback Work**

After the HA scenario starts running and the synchronization process is completed, the Replica checks the Master on a regular basis, by default every 30 seconds, to see if it is alive. There are three types of monitoring checks:

- Ping -- a request sent to the Master to verify that the Master is up and responding
- Database check -- a request that verifies the appropriate services are running and all databases are mounted and SharePoint websites are started.
- User-defined check -- a custom request you can tailor to monitor specific applications

If an error occurs with any part of the set, the entire check is considered to have failed. If all checks fail throughout a configured timeout period (by default, 5 minutes), the Master server is considered to be down. Then, depending on the HA scenario configuration, Arcserve HA sends you an alert or automatically initiates a switchover. When you created an HA scenario, you defined how you want the switchover to be initiated.

- If you selected the Initiate Switchover manually option from the Switchover and Reverse Replication Initiation page, perform a manual switchover. For more information, refer to the topic, Initiate Switchover.
- If you selected the Initiate Switchover automatically option, you can still perform a manual switchover, even if the Master is alive. You can initiate switchover when you want to test your system, or you want to use the Replica server to continue the application service while some form of maintenance is performed on the Master server. Triggered (automatic) switchover is in all ways identical to manual switchover performed by the administrator, except it is triggered by a resource failure on the master server rather than by an administrator manually initiating the switchover by clicking the Perform Switchover button. Server ping response, application service status, and database connectivity are monitored. The timeout parameters are configurable and are more extensively covered in the Arcserve RHA Administration Guide.

When you created an HA scenario, you defined how you want the reverse scenario to be initiated.

- If you selected the Initiate Reverse Replication automatically option from the Switchover and Reverse Replication Initiation page, replication in the reverse direction (from Replica to Master) automatically begins after a switchover, one the original Master server becomes available again.
- If you selected the Initiate Reverse Replication manually option, you need to perform switchback manually. If you select the manual option and do not initiate a manual switchback, you must resynchronize data from Replica to Master, even after testing a clean switchover without a Master failure.

When the Reverse Replication feature is off, to start reverse replication after a switchover has occurred, click the Run button. The benefit to this feature is, if both the master and replica servers were online and connected during switchover, resynchronization in the reverse direction is not required. Resynchronization involves comparing the data on the master and replica servers to determine which changes to transfer before real-time replication starts; this can take some time. If automatic reverse replication is turned on, and both servers were online during switchover, replication is reversed without the need for resynchronization. This is the one situation in which resynchronization is not required.

# **Initiate Switchover**

Once triggered, whether manually or automatically, the switchover process itself is fully automated.

**Note:** Though the following steps show Exchange scenario screens as examples, the procedure is similar for all server types.

#### To initiate manual switchover

- 1. Open the Manager and select the desired scenario from the Scenario pane. Verify it is running.
- 2. Click on the **Perform Switchover** button, or select from the **Tools** menu the **Perform Switchover** option:

Scenario Edit Eve	nts View Tools	s Help							
: 📫 🗀 🖪 🖏 (	- G 🚬 💵	🗿 🖽 և 🛛	😰 🧕 🛛 🤇	Ð =					
🔒 Scenario View	📄 Snapshot V	erform Switch	over taller Monil	tor 🍨	Host Maintenar	nce Monitor	Ŧ		
Scenario view						-	ą	$\times$	la
🖻 🧊 Scenarios									Sc

A confirmation message appears.

3. Click **OK** on the **Perform Switchover** confirmation message. This procedure initiates a switchover from the Master server to the Replica server:



Detailed information about the switchover processes is located in the Events pane during switchover.

4. After the switchover is completed the scenario stops:

Scenarios view				👻 🕂 🗙
🖃 💼 SharePoint Scenarios				
Scenario	State	Product	Server	Mode
🖃 🗊 SharePoint Server	Stopped	DR	SharePoint 1997	Regular
Hosts	Changed	Synchronized	Files	In spool
🖨 🐻 172.16.95.2				
🗖 172.16.95.3				

**Note:** The only case in which the scenario may continue to run after switchover is when **automatic reverse replication** is defined as **Start automatically**.

In the Event pane a message appears, informing you that **Switchover completed**, and then that the **Scenario has stopped**.

Now, the Master becomes passive and the Replica becomes active.

# **Initiate Switchover for a Group**

Once triggered, whether manually or automatically, the switchover process itself is fully automated.

#### To initiate switchover for a group

- 1. Open the Manager and select the group from the Scenario pane. Verify if it is running.
- 2. Click Perform Switchover.

A confirmation message appears.

3. Click OK on the Perform Switchover confirmation message.

This procedure initiates a switchover from the Master server to the Replica server. The operation stops when the switchover completes.

Detailed information about the switchover process is located in the Events pane during switchover. A message appears in the Event pane, informing you that the switchover is completed, and that the scenarios in the group have stopped. Now, the Master becomes passive and the Replica becomes active.

## **Initiate Switchback**

After a switchover is initiated, whether manually or automatically, at some point, you will want to reverse the server roles and make the original Master the active server again the Replica the standby server. Before you switch back the roles between servers, decide if you want to the data on the original Replica server to overwrite the data on the original Master. If yes, you must first perform a reverse scenario, a backward scenario.

**Note:** The following steps are the same regardless of server type.

#### To initiate manual switchback

- 1. Ensure that both Master and Replica servers are available on the network and that the Arcserve RHA Engine is running.
- 2. Open the Manager and select the desired scenario from the Scenario pane.
- 3. Perform one of the following:
  - If the scenario is already running, skip directly to Step 4
  - If the scenario is not running, perform these steps and then go to Step 4:
    - a. Click Run on the toolbar to start the scenario.

Arcserve HA detects that a switchover has occurred and verifies its state and configuration. After verification completes, the Verification Results dialog appears, listing existing errors and warnings if detected, and prompting you to approve the running of the backward scenario. If desired, click the Advanced button to open an additional pane with detailed information about the hosts that participate in the scenario.

b. Select a synchronization method from the Run dialog and click OK to start resynchronization.

Note: For SharePoint select Block synchronization.

Synchronization method		
File synchronization     Best suited for a large number of small files     Block synchronization		
Best suited for large files C Offline Synchronization Best suited for synchronizing a large amount of data in an environme Ignore same size/time files	ent with a low bar	dwidth network.
Skip Synchronization		
	<u>o</u> k	<u>C</u> ancel



After resynchronization completes, you receive a message in the Event pane: All modifications during synchronization period are replicated. Now, replication from the active server to the standby server begins:

**Note:** You are now ready to reverse the roles between the Master and Replica servers.

- 4. Click Perform Switchover on the toolbar while the scenario is running to reverse the server roles. A confirmation message appears.
- 5. Click Yes to clear the message and start the switchback process.

After the switchback is completed, the server roles are reversed back and the scenario automatically stops.

**Note:** The scenario will continue to run after the switchback when the Reverse Replication Initiation option is defined as Start Automatically.

You may now run the scenario again in its original (forward) state.

# **Initiate Switchback for a Group**

After a switchover is initiated, whether manually or automatically, at some point, you will want to reverse the server roles and make the original Master the active server again the Replica the standby server. Before you switch back the roles between servers, decide if you want to the data on the original Replica server to overwrite the data on the original Master. If yes, you must first perform a reverse scenario, a backward scenario.

Note: The following steps are the same regardless of server type.

#### To initiate switchback for a group

- 1. Ensure that both Master and Replica servers are available on the network and that the Arcserve RHA Engine is running.
- 2. Open the Manager and select the desired group from the Scenario pane.
- 3. Perform one of the following:
  - If the scenario is already running, skip directly to Step 4
  - If the scenario is not running, perform these steps and then go to Step 4:
    - a. Click Run on the toolbar to start the group.

Arcserve RHA detects that a switchover has occurred and verifies its state and configuration. After verification completes, the Verification Results dialog appears, listing existing errors and warnings if detected, and prompting you to approve the running of the backward group. If desired, click the Advanced button to open an additional pane with detailed information about the hosts that participate in the group.

b. Select Block synchronization method from the Run dialog and click OK.

Resynchronization starts. After resynchronization completes, the message, "All modifications during synchronization period are replicated. Now, replication from the active server to the standby server begins" appears in the Event pane. You can now reverse the roles between the Master and Replica servers.

- 4. Click Perform Switchover on the toolbar while the scenario is running to reverse the server roles. A confirmation message appears.
- 5. Click Yes to clear the message and start the switchback process.

After the switchback is completed, the server roles are reversed back and the scenario automatically stops.

**Note:** The scenario will continue to run after the switchback when the Reverse Replication Initiation option is defined as Start Automatically.

You may now run the scenario again in its original (forward) state.

### **Recover Active Server**

In certain circumstances, it may be necessary to forcibly make the Master or Replica server the active server without completing the data synchronization process.

For example, if switchover occurred but no data was changed on the Replica server. In this case you may even have newer data on the Master server making it undesirable to synchronize data from the Replica to the Master server. Arcserve RHA allows Recover Active Server process, to use this option. You must ensure that the scenario is stopped, and select *Recover Active* Server from the Tools menu.

**Important!** While this option is the right choice in many situations, use it with caution. If used improperly data loss can occur. Usually, Arcserve RHA will not allow switchover from one host to another until all data is synchronized. It is designed this way so users are not redirected to an out of date data set that then overwrites what may be a more current data set. When using Recover Active Server, Arcserve RHA is forcing users to one server or the other with no regard as to which server has the correct data set. Thus, as an administrator, you must manually ensure that the server you are making active has the most up to date data set.

If the Recover Active Server method does not solve the problem, you can manually recover a server. For more information, refer to the section, <u>Recovering Servers</u> (see page 75).

Select either *Make Master Active* or *Make Replica Active* depending onto which server you want to force the active role.



**Important!** If a legitimate switchover in a disaster situation occurs and users are redirected to the Replica server for any period of time, it is important to replicate all changes on the Replica back to the Master before making the Master server active. Using *Recover Active Server* in such a situation results in loss of data.

# **Switchover Considerations**

To prevent overwriting data, the best practice is to set *either* the Switchover or the Reverse Replication Initiation property to Automatic. If a server fails while both properties are set to Automatic, Arcserve RHA triggers Switchover without administrative involvement and could start Reverse Replication before you have investigated the cause of the failure. During Reverse Replication, Arcserve RHA overwrites data on your production server.

If a crash or outage occurs during switchover, you may need to perform the Recover Active Server procedure.

# **Recover Active Server for a Distributed Group**

You can also forcibly make the Master or Replica server the active server without completing the data synchronization process for a group. This recovery process id used to resolve the split-farm problem. For more information about split farm, see Microsoft documentation.

#### To recover the Active Server for a Distributed Group

- 1. Ensure all scenarios are stopped.
- 2. Select the group node in the Manager and select Recover Active Server from the Tools menu.

The group node performs verification, and lists the results of each scenario in a row.

**Note:** You must consider the different types of scenarios before performing the recovery process. For all scenarios running on the server to be recovered, note which servers are active. Decide which servers you wish to force into the active role.

3. Select either Make Master Active or Make Replica Active depending onto which server you want to force the active role.

If the Recover Active Server method does not solve the problem, you can manually recover a server. For more information, see <u>Recovering Servers</u> (see page 75).

# **Chapter 5: Recovering Data**

This section contains the following topics:

<u>The Data Recovery Process</u> (see page 65) <u>Recover Lost Data from Replica</u> (see page 65) <u>Setting Bookmarks</u> (see page 67) <u>Data Rewind</u> (see page 68)

# **The Data Recovery Process**

When an event causes loss of Master data, the data can be restored from any Replica. The recovery process is a synchronization process in the reverse direction - from a Replica to the Master.

Arcserve RHA enables you to recover data in two ways:

- Recover lost data from the Replica to the Master -- this option is a synchronization process in the reverse direction and requires you to stop the scenario. (This option is not recommended for Oracle, SQL or Exchange scenarios.)
- Recover lost data from a certain event or point in time (Data Rewind) -- This option uses a process of stamped checkpoints and user-defined bookmarks to roll corrupt data on the Master back to a time before corruption occurred.

Important! You must stop replication to initiate recovery.

# **Recover Lost Data from Replica**

In the following steps, File Server scenario screens are used as examples, but the procedures are similar for all server types.

#### To recover lost data from a Replica

- 1. On the Manager, from the Scenario pane select the desired scenario and stop it.
- 2. On the Manager, from the scenario folder select the Replica host:

**Note**: If multiple Replica servers participate in the required scenario, select the Replica from which you want to recover data.

Scenarios view					🚽 🕂 🗙
🖃 🌐 SharePoint Scena	rios				
Scenario		State	Product	Server	Mode
🖃 📑 SharePoint Serv	rer Stop	ped D	R	SharePoint	Regular
Hosts		Changed	Synchronized	Files	In spool
🖮 🐻 172.16.95.2					
🖃 172.16.95.3					

3. From the **Tools** menu, select **Restore Data**, or click the **Restore data** button on the Standard toolbar:

**Note**: If the user credentials you used to log in to the Manager are different than the ones required for working with the Engine on the Replica, a **User credentials** dialog appears, asking you to enter log on account details for the selected Replica.



The **Recovery Method** page of the Restore Data wizard appears.

**Note:** If the Data Rewind property is set to On, another Restore Data dialog will appear. In this case, select the first option - **Replace all data on Master with the data on Replica**. This option simply restores data without a rewind.

- 4. Click Next. The Synchronization Method page appears.
- 5. Ensure that the appropriate Synchronization method is selected. For more details, see the Arcserve RHA Administration Guide. Click **Finish.**

Once you finished initiating the recovery process, Arcserve RHA builds a temporary reverse tree using the selected Replica as the root, and the Master as the terminating node. After the Master recovery process ends, the temporary scenario is deleted, and you receive the following message in the Event pane: **Synchronization finished**.

6. By default, once a data recovery occurs a Synchronization Report is generated.

Now, the replication process can restart following the original scenario.

## **Setting Bookmarks**

A *bookmark* is a checkpoint that is manually set to mark a state that you may want to rewind back to. We recommend setting a bookmark just before any activity that may cause data to become unstable. Bookmarks are set in real-time, and not for past events. For SharePoint high availability, Volume Shadow Copy Service (VSS) technologies are used to create bookmarks. This help you ensure that all SharePoint data (databases and search index files) is in a consistent state at the time the bookmark is generated.

#### Notes:

- You can use this option only if you set in the Replica Properties list the Recovery -Data Rewind option to On.
- You cannot set bookmarks during the synchronization process.

#### To set a bookmark

1. When the required scenario is running, select **Tools, Set Rewind Bookmark**.

The Rewind bookmark dialog appears:

Rewind	i bookmark 🛛 🗙					
▶	Enter name for rewind bookmark					
	Bookmark was set at 07.02.07 17:38:10					
	OK Cancel					

The text that appears in the **Rewind bookmark** dialog will appear in the **Rewind Points Selection** dialog as the bookmark's name. The default name includes date and time.

2. Accept the default name, or enter a new name for the bookmark. It is recommended to give a meaningful name that will later help you recognize the required bookmark. Then, click OK.

The bookmark is set.

**Note:** Any errors will be displayed in the Event View on the Control Manager.

# **Data Rewind**

The Data Rewind recovery method allows you to rewind data to a point in time before it was corrupted. The rewind process takes place on the Replica server before the reverse synchronization process starts. The Data Rewind method uses rewind points or bookmarks that enable you to reset the current data back to a previous state.

**Note**: SharePoint scenarios do not automatically generate checkpoints. To process rewind, generate bookmarks manually. See <u>Setting Bookmarks</u> (see page 67).

You can use this option only if you set the Recovery - Data Rewind option to On:

la Properties	
Replica ISLXORWEXCH07R' Properties	
Property	Value
🗉 🖳 Host Connection	
🗉 🖳 Replication	
🗉 🖳 Spool	
E Recovery	
Replication Delay	Off
🗆 🔳 Data Rewind	On 🔽
📕 Retention Period (min)	On
📕 Max Disk Size (MB)	200
🗉 🖳 Scheduled Tasks	
🝽 Event Notification	
🕀 🖳 Reports	
1	

If this option is set to Off, the system will not register data rewind points. For more information about Data Rewind parameters (Retention Period, Max Disk Size), see the *Arcserve RHA* Administration Guide.

**Important**! The data rewind process operates in one way only - there is no replay forward. After rewind, all data subsequent to the rewind point will be lost, since data after the rewind point will be overwritten with new data.

Note: The automatic registration of the rewind points starts only after the synchronization process is completed, and the message All modifications during synchronization period are replicated appears on the Event pane. Similarly, you cannot manually set bookmarks during synchronization. In the following example, a File Server scenario is used, but the steps are the same for all scenario types.

#### To recover lost data using rewind points

- 1. On the Manager, from the Scenario pane select the desired scenario and stop it.
- 2. [For database applications only] stop the database services on the Master host.
- 3. On the Manager, from the scenario folder select the Replica host:

**Note**: If multiple Replica servers participate in the required scenario, select the Replica from which you want to recover data.

Scenarios view				👻 🕂 🗙
🖃 🌐 SharePoint Scenarios				
Scenario	State	Product	Server	Mode
🖃 🗊 SharePoint Server	Stopped	DR	SharePoint	Regular
Hosts	Changed	Synchronized	Files	In spool
🖨 🐻 172.16.95.2				
172.16.95.3				

4. From the **Tools** menu, select **Restore Data**, or click the **Restore Data** button. If you are prompted for user credentials, enter the appropriate information and click OK.

The **Recovery Method** page of the Restore Data Wizard appears.

Select one of the Rewind data options, depending on whether you want the rewind data synchronized back to the Master (option 2) or left on the Replica only (option 3).

**Note**: If the user credentials you used to log in to the Manager are different than the ones required for working with the Engine on the Replica, a **User credentials** dialog appears, asking you to enter log on account details for the selected Replica.

After you select a Rewind data option, a Recovery scenario is automatically created. This Recovery scenario will run until the end of the rewind process.

- 6. Click Next. The Rewind Point Selection page is displayed.
- 7. Wait until the **Select Rewind Point** button is enabled, and click it to view the existing rewind points.

Filter Rewind Points	Point type	Point ID	Time /	Name	Path	Offset	Length	
In list: 1090	Nrite	2147	3/13/2008 2:57:18	Psinfo.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	196608	35632	
View type Total: 1090	Write	2146	3/13/2008 2:57:18	Psinfo.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	131072	65536	
Il points V Downloaded: 0 %	Write	2145	3/13/2008 2:57:18	Psinfo.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	65536	65536	
File name	Write	2144	3/13/2008 2:57:18	Psinfo.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	65536	
All files      Include files      Exclude files	Change attr	2143	3/13/2008 2:57:18	Psinfo.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	0	
All files Officiade files O Exclude files	Truncate	2142	3/13/2008 2:57:18	Psinfo.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	0	
	Open	2141	3/13/2008 2:57:18	Psinfo.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	0	
	Create	2139	3/13/2008 2:57:18	Psinfo.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	0	
Start time 03/13/2008 03:01:11 PM 0	Close	2138	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psgetsid.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	0	
Root directories	Write	2137	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psgetsid.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	131072	56112	
	Write	2136	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psgetsid.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	65536	65536	
Root directory name	Write	2135	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psgetsid.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	65536	
C:/Tools	Change attr	2134	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psgetsid.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	0	
	Truncate	2133	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psgetsid.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	0	
	Open	2132	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psgetsid.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	0	
	Create	2130	3/13/2008 2:57:18	a psgetsid.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	0	
	Close	2129	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psfile.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	0	
	Write	2128	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psfile.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	65536	39728	
	Write	2127	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psfile.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	65536	
	Change attr	2126	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psfile.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	0	
	Truncate	2125	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psfile.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	0	
	Open	2124	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psfile.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	0	
	Create	2122	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psfile.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	0	
	Close	2121	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psexec.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	0	
	Write	2120	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psexec.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	196608	27440	
	Write	2119	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psexec.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	131072	65536	
	Write	2118	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psexec.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	65536	65536	
	Write	2117	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psexec.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	65536	
	Change attr	2116	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psexec.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	0	
	Truncate	2115	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psexec.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	0	
	Open	2114	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psexec.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	0	
	Create	2112	3/13/2008 2:57:18	psexec.exe	C:/Tools/Backup	0	0	
	Close	2111	3/13/2008 2:57:18	pdh.dll	C:/Tools/Backup	0	0	
		2110	3/13/2008 2:57:18	pdh.dll	C:/Tools/Backup	131072	15632	
	Write	2109	3/13/2008 2:57:18	pdh.dll	C:/Tools/Backup	65536	65536	
	Write	2103	3/13/2008 2:57:18	pdh.dll	C:/Tools/Backup	0	65536	
Apply	2 Willio	2.000	0,10,20002.07.10		0., 100.3/Dackup		00000	
Find	<			10				cel

#### The Select Rewind Point dialog appears:

The **Select Rewind Point** dialog displays a list of all rewind points. These include modifications of folders and files that were automatically registered by the system and user-defined bookmarks.

The list can be filtered according to the rewind point type or other criteria, using the **Filter Rewind Points** pane on the left.

**Note:** If the **Select Rewind Points** dialog is empty, ensure that the **Data Rewind** property is enabled.

8. Select the required rewind point, and click **OK**.

**Note**: If you want to use a Bookmark as the rewind point, select the closest rewind point that indicates an actual event. However, it is best practices for a SharePoint recovery to select a bookmark as a rewind point. Using a bookmark ensures all SharePoint data is in a consistent state.

You return to the **Rewind Point Selection** page, now displaying information about the rewind point you selected.

- 9. Click Next. The Synchronization Method page is displayed.
- 10. Select the **Block Synchronization** method and click **Finish**.

**Note**: If the user credentials you used to log in to the Manager are different than the ones required for working with the Engine on the Replica, a **User credentials** dialog appears, asking you to enter log on account details for the selected Replica.

Arcserve RHA rewinds the data to the point you selected. After the rewind process ends, you receive the following message in the Event pane: **Rewind process is completed successfully**.

If you chose to replace the data on the Master with the data on the Replica, Arcserve RHA starts a synchronization process from the Replica to the Master. Once the process ends, the temporary Recovery scenario is stopped and then deleted.

11. By default, once a data recovery occurs a Synchronization Report is generated.

Now, the Replication process can restart on the original scenario.

# **Appendix A: Additional Information and Tips**

This section contains the following topics:

Spool Directory Settings (see page 73) New Web Application Creation (see page 74) Back up Farm Data After Failover (see page 74) Reconfigure Scenarios Created in Previous Versions (see page 74) Recovering Servers (see page 75)

# **Spool Directory Settings**

The Arcserve RHA spool is a folder on disk where data to be replicated is backed up (spooled) if bandwidth is not sufficient to transfer the amount of changes in real-time. Data can spool due to temporary network disconnections, network congestion, or simply because the network bandwidth is not sufficient to transfer the amount of data changing over on the server. In addition to storing changes waiting on available bandwidth, spool space is also used as part of the normal synchronization process. Thus, some spool build up during synchronization is normal.

Place the spool folder on a drive with relatively low use such as a dedicated volume or boot/system volume. Do not place the spool folder on a volume containing frequently accessed system (OS), user, or application data. Examples include volumes containing databases, shared files, or the system pagefile. By default, the spool folder is located in the tmp folder under the Arcserve RHA installation directory. The spool parameters, located in the properties tab (on both master and replica) or set with the New Scenario Wizard, determines how much disk space is available for the spool. In most cases the default values are sufficient. However, if you change this value, it should be at least 10% of the total dataset size. For example, if you are replicating 50 GB of data on a server you should ensure that at least 5 GB of space is available for spool.

**Important!** If you change the spool location, remember to remove the new path from file level antivirus scans: both scheduled and real time.

**Note:** The Spool Directory is not a pre-allocated space folder and will be used only if needed.

# **New Web Application Creation**

After a SharePoint HA scenario failover, do not create any web applications on the Replica before you run a backwards scenario. Creating new web applications makes the configuration between Master and Replica different, which prevents you from running a backwards scenario.

If you want to create a new web application after a SharePoint HA scenario failover, you must set the load balancing URL for the new application as http://WFEMaster:Port after running the backwards scenario, instead of the default value, http://WFERplica:Port.

# **Back up Farm Data After Failover**

After failover, do not process a whole farm backup on the Replica (Active server).

# **Reconfigure Scenarios Created in Previous Versions**

Due to the auto-configuration, SharePoint HA scenarios created with previous versions of Arcserve RHA must be reconfigured. Launch the SharePoint configuration wizard from the Windows Start menu on the Replica to disconnect it from the Master's farm. Repeat the auto-configuration process.

## **Recovering Servers**

Arcserve RHA can detect when a Replica server is active and run the recovery process automatically. If recovery does not complete correctly for some reason, do the following:

- Perform the Recover Active Server procedure. For more information, see Recover Active Server.
- If the Recover Active Server procedure does not resolve the issue, try one or more of the following manual tasks appropriate to the redirection method you use:
  - If IP Redirection is used, manually remove the IP. You cannot use this method for scenarios that do not support Move IP redirection (Hyper-V HA, CS HA). For more information, see <u>Manually Recover a Failed Server-Move IP Address</u>. (see page 75)
  - If Switch Computer Name Redirection is used, manually switch the names. You cannot use this method for scenarios that do not support Switch Computer Name Redirection (Hyper-V HA, Exchange HA, vCenter HA if local Oracle is used). For more information, see <u>Manually Recover a Failed Server-Switch</u>
     <u>Computer Name</u> (see page 75).
  - If both IP and Switch Computer Name Redirection methods are used, manually remove the IP and switch the computer names. You cannot use this method for scenarios that do not support Move IP and Switch Computer Name redirection (Exchange, CS HA). For more information, refer to the topic, <u>Manually Recover</u> <u>a Failed Server-IP and Switch Computer Name</u> (see page 77).

### Manually Recover a Failed Server-Move IP Address

If IP Redirection is used, you must remove the IP address manually. You cannot use this method for scenarios that do not support Move IP redirection (Hyper-V HA, CS HA).

#### To recover a failed server using Move IP Address redirection method

- 1. Boot the Master server without a network connection, to avoid IP conflicts.
- 2. From the TCP/IP properties dialog, remove the additional IP address.
- 3. Reboot the server and reconnect to the network.
- 4. If it is not already running, start the scenario from the Manager. If automatic reverse replication was set to On, the scenario runs in backward mode so that the Replica server is now active and the Master server is on standby.
- 5. Wait for synchronization to complete.
- 6. Perform a manual switchover to return the active role to the Master server. It is recommended that you do so outside of normal business hours.

#### **Manually Recover a Failed Server-Switch Computer Name**

If Switch Computer Name Redirection is used, you must switch the names manually. You cannot use this method for scenarios that do not support Switch Computer Name Redirection (Hyper-V HA, Exchange HA, vCenter HA if local Oracle is used).

# To manually recover a failed server using the Switch Computer Name redirection method

- 1. Boot the Master server without a network connection, to avoid duplicate network names.
- 2. Rename the server to <NewServerName>-RHA and move it to a temporary workgroup.

For example, if the server is "Server1", rename it to "Server1-RHA". You will be required to reboot this computer. After the reboot completes, the following error appears: "At least one Service could not be started." Ignore this, it is normal under these circumstances because the Arcserve RHA Engine usually runs in a domain account.

- 3. Connect to the network.
- 4. Rejoin the domain, make sure that you use the -RHA name assigned in step 2.
- 5. Reboot the computer.
- 6. If it is not already running, start the scenario from the Manager. (If automatic reverse replication was set to On, the scenario runs in backward mode so that the Replica server is now active and the Master server is now standby.)
- 7. Wait for synchronization to complete. Perform a manual switchover to make the Master server active. It is recommended that you do so outside of normal business hours.

#### Manually Recover Failed Server-IP and Switch Computer Name

If both IP and Switch Computer Name Redirection methods are used, you must remove the IP address and switch the computer names manually. You cannot use this method for scenarios that do not support Move IP Address and Switch Computer Name redirection (Exchange, CS HA).

# To manually recover a failed server using both IP and Switch Computer Name redirection methods

- 1. Repair any hardware problems that could have caused the switchover, if any.
- 2. Reboot the server without a network connection to prevent IP conflicts.
- 3. From the TCP/IP properties dialog, remove the additional IP address.
- 4. From the System Properties, Computer Name dialog, change the Computer Name to <ServerName>-RHA. For example, if your server is called Server 3, rename it to Server 3-RHA.
- 5. Assign the server to a temporary workgroup.
- 6. Restart the computer to enable your changes to take effect. When rebooting completes, reconnect to the network now. Ignore the message, "At least one service failed during system startup." This is normal because the Engine runs in a domain, which is not currently available.
- 7. Rejoin the domain, making sure you use the -RHA name, and reboot again.
- 8. The reverse scenario begins and the Replica server assumes the active role. Wait while synchronization completes.
- 9. Perform a manual switchover by clicking the Perform Switchover button from the toolbar, to return the active role to the Master server.

# Index

# A

About This Guide • 7 Add Arcserve-IP to Existing Scenarios-sharepoint • 50 Add Arcserve-IP to New Scenarios • 52 Add IP on the Master Server • 48 Additional Information and Tips • 73 Arcserve Product References • 3 Arcserve RHA SharePoint COM+ Service • 19, 24, 26, 29 Automatic Redirection Using Switch Computer Name • 53

### B

Back up Farm Data After Failover • 74 Base Configuration • 8

### C

Contact Arcserve • 3 Create a SharePoint Server Scenario for Server Farm (all in one) Deployments • 19, 25 Create a SharePoint Server Scenario for Standalone Deployments • 19, 23, 30 Create Distributed Groups • 35 Create Multiple Scenarios for SharePoint Server Farm (distributed deployments) • 19, 27 Create SharePoint Server Scenarios • 23

### D

Data Rewind • 68 DNS Redirection • 47 Documentation Changes • 4

### G

Group Properties • 35

### Η

How Arcserve RHA Supports Load Balanced SharePoint WFE • 42
How Redirection Works • 47
How Switchover and Switchback Work • 55
How to Run a Scenario or a Group • 19, 27, 37
How to Stop a Scenario or a Group • 41

### 

Initiate Switchback • 59 Initiate Switchback for a Group • 61 Initiate Switchover • 57 Initiate Switchover for a Group • 58 Introduction • 7

### L

Log On Account Conditions • 11

#### Μ

Manage Services • 21
Managing Replication and High Availability Scenarios

13

Manually Recover a Failed Server-Move IP Address • 75
Manually Recover a Failed Server-Switch Computer Name • 76
Manually Recover Failed Server-IP and Switch Computer Name • 75, 77
Microsoft SharePoint Deployment Requirements • 10, 14
Microsoft SharePoint Server Configuration Requirements • 8
Move IP Redirection • 48

### Ν

New Web Application Creation • 74

### P

Prepare the Distributed Group for Protecting SharePoint Farm • 34
Prepare the Replica for Standalone Deployment • 10, 14, 15
Prepare the SharePoint Replica Server • 14, 24, 26

### R

Reconfigure Scenarios Created in Previous Versions • 74 Recover Active Server • 62 Recover Active Server for a Distributed Group • 63 Recover Lost Data from Replica • 65 Recovering Data • 65 Recovering Servers • 62, 63, 75 Redirection Methods • 24, 25, 47 Register Arcserve RHA Licenses • 11 Related Documentation • 7 Run a Group • 39 Run a Scenario • 37

### S

Scripts Redirection • 53 Server Requirements • 8 Set Scenario Properties • 24, 25, 26, 31 Setting Bookmarks • 67, 68 Spool Directory Settings • 33, 73 Stop a Group • 42 Stop a Scenario • 25, 41 Switch Computer Name Redirection • 52 Switching Over and Switching Back • 24, 26, 55 Switchover Considerations • 63

### T

The Data Recovery Process • 65 Third-Party Web Parts for SharePoint • 19 Troubleshooting--Automatic AR failed for a SharePoint Scenario • 31

### U

Use the SharePoint Products Configuration Wizard to Prepare the Replica • 15, 16

### V

View a Report • 43 View Events • 45 View Statistics • 45